

SWOT HR **LAKE PRODUCT VALIDATION**

Roger Fjørtoft, Claire Pottier
on behalf of the HR Cal/Val Team

SWOT SCIENCE TEAM MEETING, ARCACHON, FRANCE
15 OCTOBER 2025

LAKE VALIDATION APPROACH

(as presented in more detail at the Validation Meeting)

- Validation on LakeSP_Prior products (now in version D, i.e. PID0/PGD0)
- Limited to principal variables: Water Surface Elevation (WSE) and area
- Dedicated in situ measurements and acquisitions of satellite images
 - Mainly during Cal/Val period (1-day orbit, March 30 – July 10, 2023)
- Extensive use of existing gauges and publicly available satellite data
- Additional levelling activities and preprocessing to make reference data directly comparable to LakeSP_Prior data
- Computation of error statistics on a large number of PLD lakes worldwide
- The reference data are targeted to be more accurate than SWOT requirements, but they are not perfect
 - The measured errors (differences) partially stem from inaccuracies in the reference data

LAKE VALIDATION
APPROACH



SIGNIFICANT EVOLUTION IN FLAGS

in LakeSP version PIC2/PID0/PGD0 compared to PIC0/PGC0

- *quality_f* no longer binary: 0=good, 1=suspect, 2=degraded, 3=bad
- *qual_f_b* bitflag introduced, providing more detailed information
 - based on PIXC flags/bitflags, percentage of lake pixels concerned

➔ Filtering of data must be made with different flag values/thresholds

| quality_f | Proportion of PXC0 pixels | Proportion of PXD0 pixels |
|-----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0 | 65.8% | 18,2% |
| 1 | 34.2% | 73,3% |
| 2 | - | 4,8% |
| 3 | - | 3,6% |



➔ May use *qual_f_b* bitflag for finer tuning

| Bit | Decimal | Hex | Flag meaning |
|-----|-----------|----------|------------------------------------|
| 0 | 1 | 1 | classification_qual_suspect |
| 1 | 2 | 2 | geolocation_qual_suspect |
| 2 | 4 | 4 | |
| 3 | 8 | 8 | few_open_water_suspect |
| 4 | 16 | 10 | |
| 5 | 32 | 20 | wse_std_suspect |
| 6 | 64 | 40 | diff_from_pld_area_suspect |
| 7 | 128 | 80 | |
| 8 | 256 | 100 | xovr_cal_suspect |
| 9 | 512 | 200 | |
| 10 | 1024 | 400 | no_prior_suspect |
| 11 | 2048 | 800 | water_false_detection_rate_suspect |
| 12 | 4096 | 1000 | |
| 13 | 8192 | 2000 | |
| 14 | 16384 | 4000 | |
| 15 | 32768 | 8000 | classification_qual_degraded |
| 16 | 65536 | 10000 | geolocation_qual_degraded |
| 17 | 131072 | 20000 | |
| 18 | 262144 | 40000 | low_coh_degraded |
| 19 | 524288 | 80000 | specular_ringing_degraded |
| 20 | 1048576 | 100000 | |
| 21 | 2097152 | 200000 | |
| 22 | 4194304 | 400000 | |
| 23 | 8388608 | 800000 | low_coh_bad |
| 24 | 16777216 | 1000000 | xovr_cal_bad |
| 25 | 33554432 | 2000000 | |
| 26 | 67108864 | 4000000 | specular_ringing_bad |
| 27 | 134217728 | 8000000 | |
| 28 | 268435456 | 10000000 | |

L2 HR WSE CONVENTIONS

A common set of representation conventions is necessary when comparing to other data

- PIXC products provide height (H) relative to the WGS84 ellipsoid referenced to the Earth's instantaneous center of mass ~ITRF2014.
- RiverSP, LakeSP and Raster products provide WSE.
- WSE has tidal corrections applied and is relative to the EGM2008 mean-tide geoid.
- Both height and WSE have corrections for media delays applied.

$$\text{WSE} = (H - \text{geoid_height} - \text{solid_earth_tide_height} - \text{load_tide_height} - \text{pole_tide_height}). \quad (3.5)$$

From Section 3.1.25 of User Handbook

| Component | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Geoid Height | Height of EGM2008 geoid above WGS84 ellipsoid. |
| Solid Earth (Body) Tide Height | Direct response of solid Earth crust to luni-solar tide-generating forces. |
| Load Tide Height | Indirect response of the solid Earth crust to load of ocean tide mass. |
| Pole Tide Height | Response of the solid Earth crust and oceans to centrifugal potential force resulting from polar motion. Includes solid Earth, ocean, and load pole tides. Ocean pole tide = 0 over land. |

- User Handbook has more information regarding conventions for LR and HR products.
- See Shailen's webinar talk for a more in-depth discussion of reference frames and representation conventions: <http://podaac.jpl.nasa.gov/swot?tab=datasets-information§ions=about> -> [PDF](#), [Webinar Recording](#)

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION

PLD lakes with ground truth available for WSE validation (Cal/Val phase, leveled gauges only)



LAKE WSE ERROR

On PGD0 products (Cal/Val phase)

| | Quality indicators | Value(s) allowed | Number of PLD lakes | Number of matchups | WSE error (1σ) for PLD lakes | |
|-------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------|
| | | | | | > (250 m) ² , < 1 km ² | > 1 km ² |
| Outer | No filtering | - | 144 | 10 118 | 15 cm (-3 cm) | 33 cm (-12 cm) |
| | ice_clim_f | 0, 1 | 135 | 8 214 | 14 cm (-3 cm) | 19 cm (-10 cm) |
| | | 0 | 134 | 6 250 | 14 cm (-3 cm) | 12 cm (-5 cm) |
| | + partial_f | 0 | 103 | 3 935 | 14 cm (-3 cm) | 10 cm (-1 cm) |
| Inner | + quality_f | 0, 1, 2 | 103 | 3 777 | 14 cm | 10 cm |
| | | 0, 1 | 103 | 3 551 | 14 cm | 10 cm |
| | | 0 | 91 | 2 228 | 12 cm (-2 cm) | 8 cm (-2 cm) |

() = difference between version PGD0 and version PGC0, same matchups

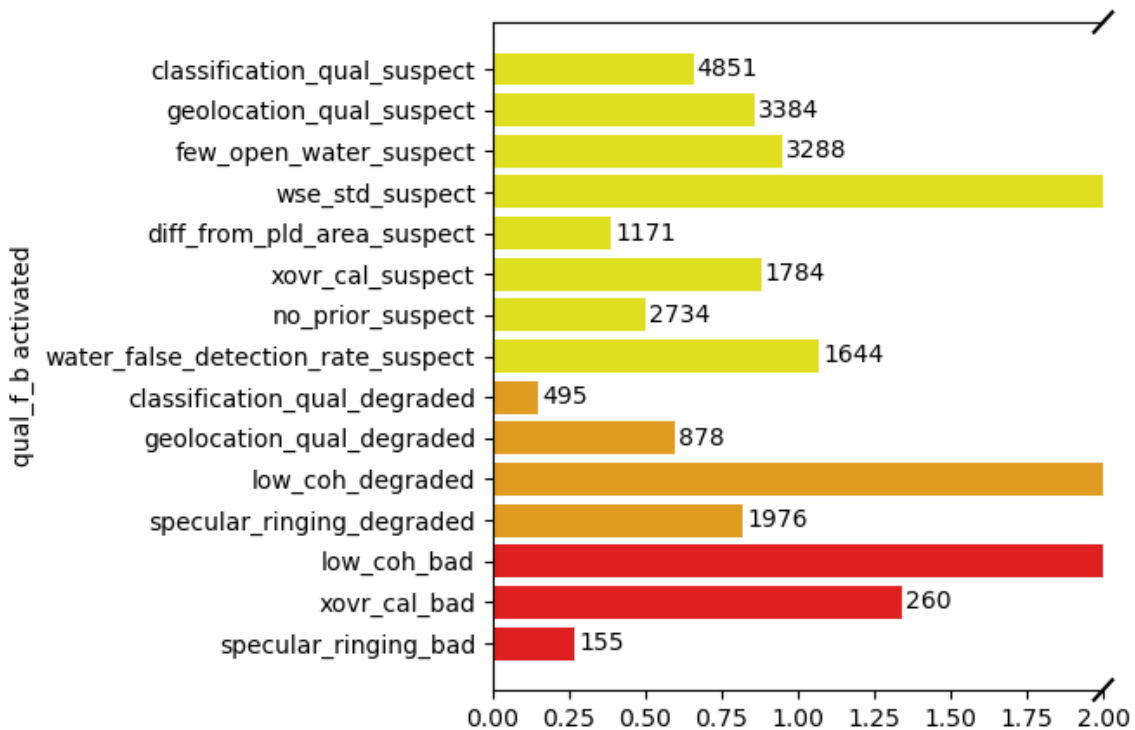
Not strictly comparable as *quality_f* has evolved between the two versions

LAKE WSE ERROR

LAKE WSE VALIDATION

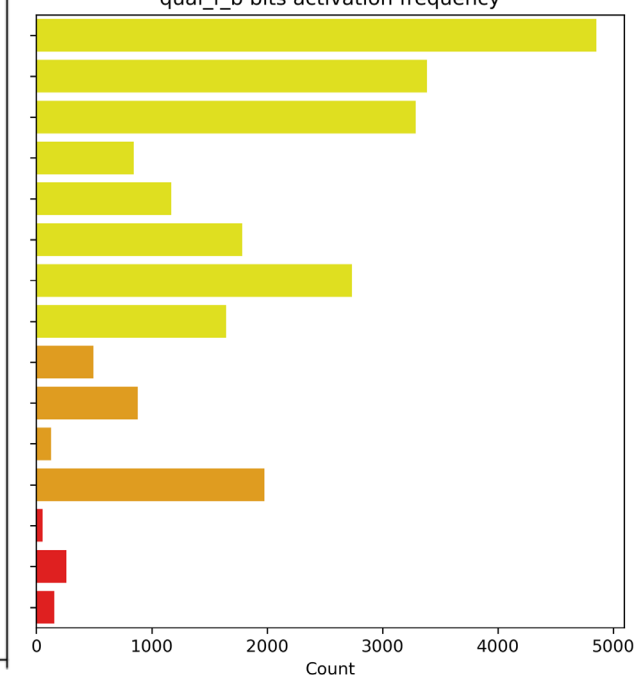
On PGD0 products (Cal/Val phase)

1σ |WSE error| by activated bit



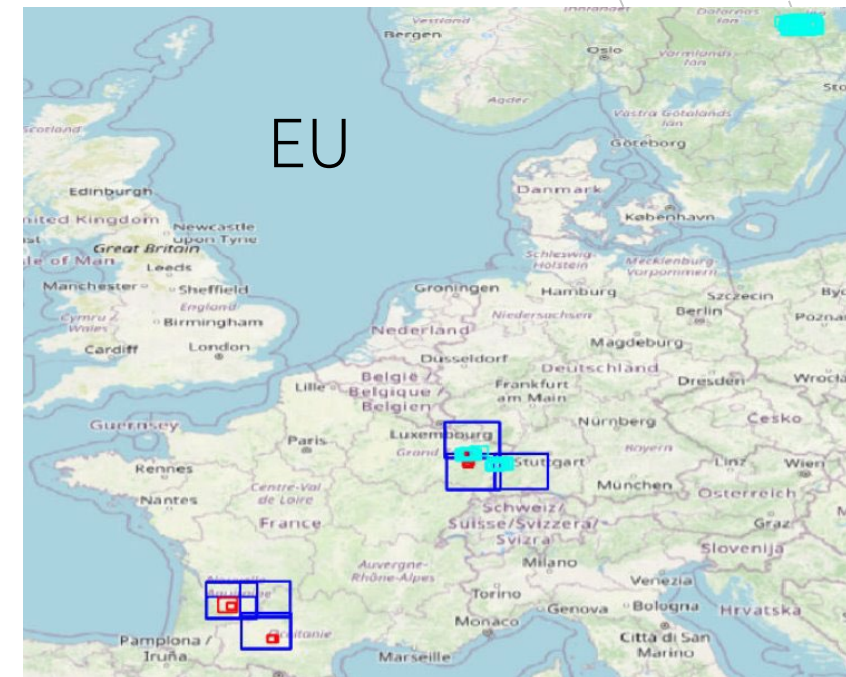
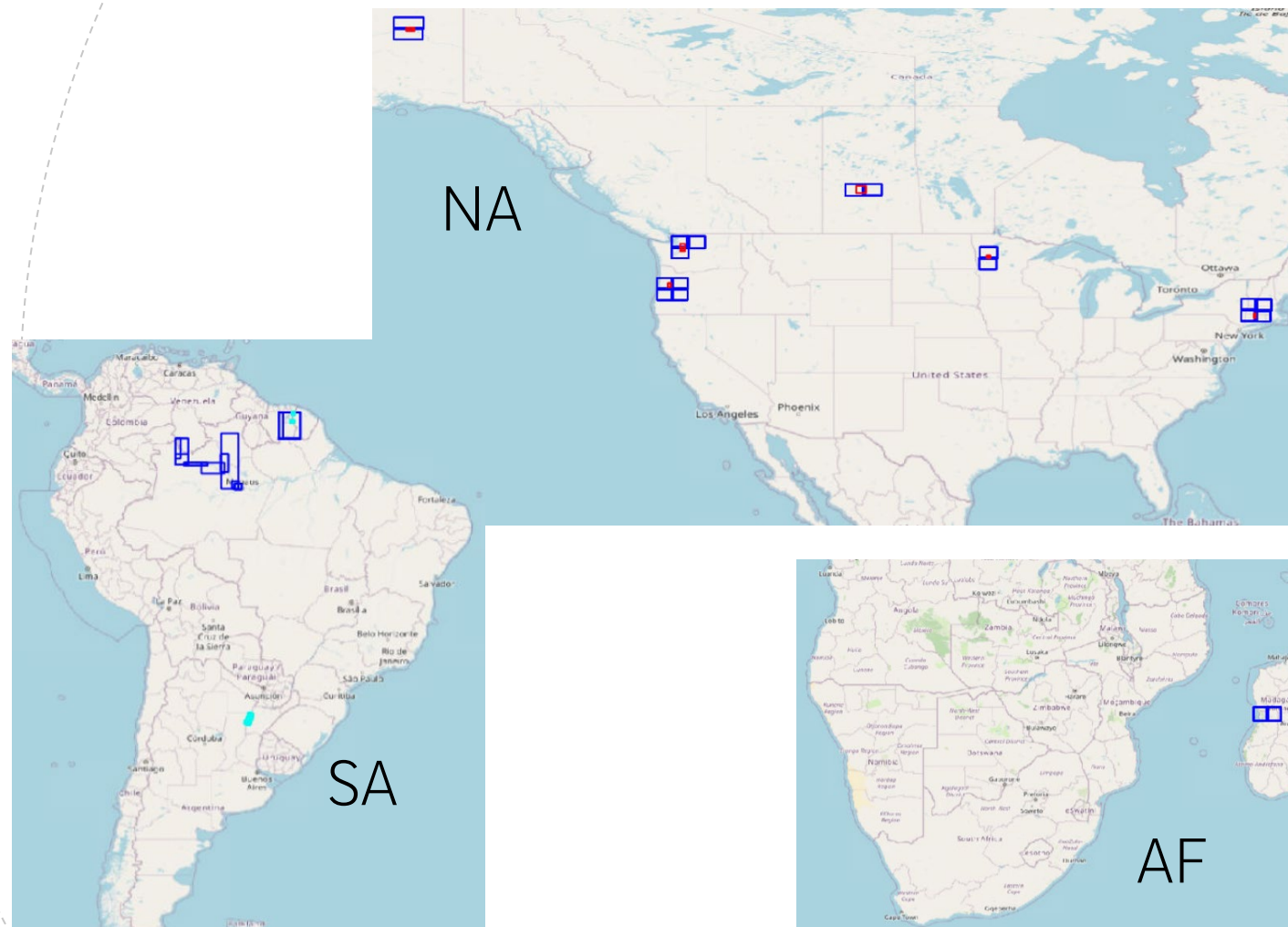
1σ |WSE error| (m)

qual_f_b bits activation frequency






GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION OF AREA REFERENCE DATA

LAKE AREA VALIDATION



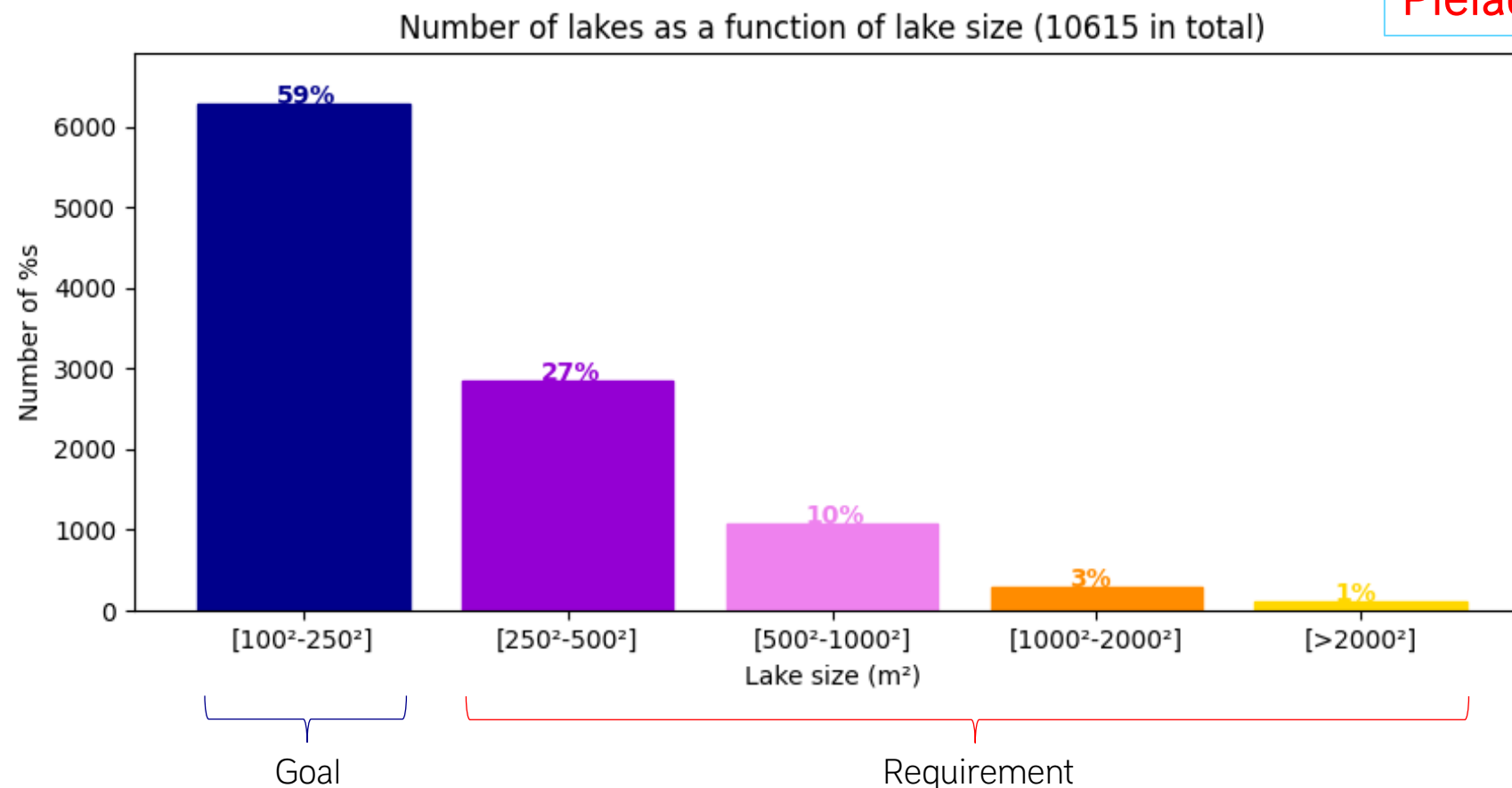
Reference water masks based on different kinds of satellite images:

-  283 x S2 [10 m]
-  204 x RCM [5 m]
-  34 x Pleiades [0.5 m]

SIZE DISTRIBUTION OF PLD LAKES WITH MATCHING AREA REFERENCE DATA

LAKE AREA VALIDATION

Pleiades + RCM + S2



- Corresponds roughly to expected global distribution: decreasing number of lakes with increasing size

RELATIVE LAKE AREA ERROR

LAKE AREA VALIDATION

On PGD0 products (Cal/Val phase)

Pleiades + RCM + S2

Outer
Inner

| Quality indicators | Value(s) allowed | Number of PLD lakes | Number of matchups | relative area error (1σ) for PLD lakes | | |
|---|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | > (100 m) ² , ≤ (250 m) ² | > (250 m) ² | > 1 km ² |
| No filtering | - | 10615 | 189865 | 75 % (-15 %) | 43 % (-6 %) | 23 % (+1 %) |
| <i>partial_f</i> | 0 | 10369 | 182956 | 74 % (-11 %) | 41 % (-4 %) | 19 % (+1 %) |
| <i>+ ice_clim_f</i> | 0 | 10205 | 173239 | 72 % (-10 %) | 41 % (-4 %) | 19 % (0 %) |
| <i>+ quality_f</i> | 0,1,2 | 10171 | 166372 | 72 % | 41 % | 19 % |
| | 0,1 | 10082 | 160179 | 71 % | 41 % | 19 % |
| | 0 | 3458 | 38341 | 28 % (-15 %) | 22 % (-11 %) | 15 % (-1 %) |
| <i>+ xovr_qual_q</i> | 0 | 3458 | 38341 | 28 % (-15 %) | 22 % (-11 %) | 15 % (-1 %) |
| <i>+ dark_frac</i> | < 50% | 3458 | 38341 | 28 % (-16 %) | 22 % (-11 %) | 15 % (-1 %) |
| <i>+ area_truth - area_PLD / area_PLD</i> | < 50% | 3186 | 35163 | 26 % (-13 %) | 19 % (-8 %) | 14 % (0 %) |

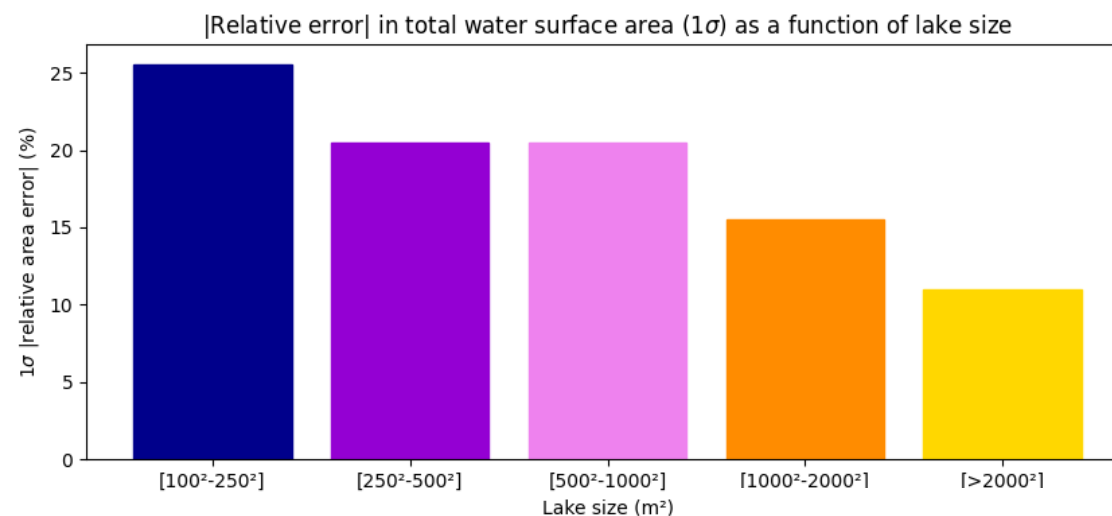
Not strictly comparable as *quality_f* has evolved between the two versions

RELATIVE LAKE AREA ERROR

LAKE AREA VALIDATION

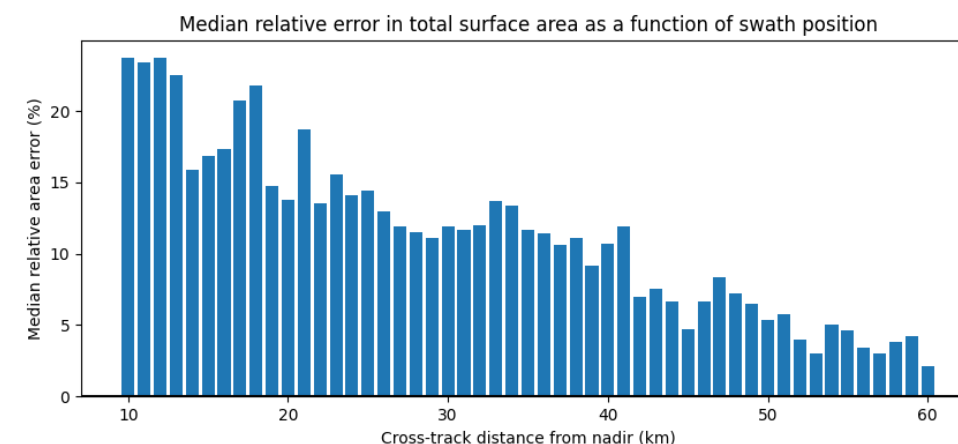
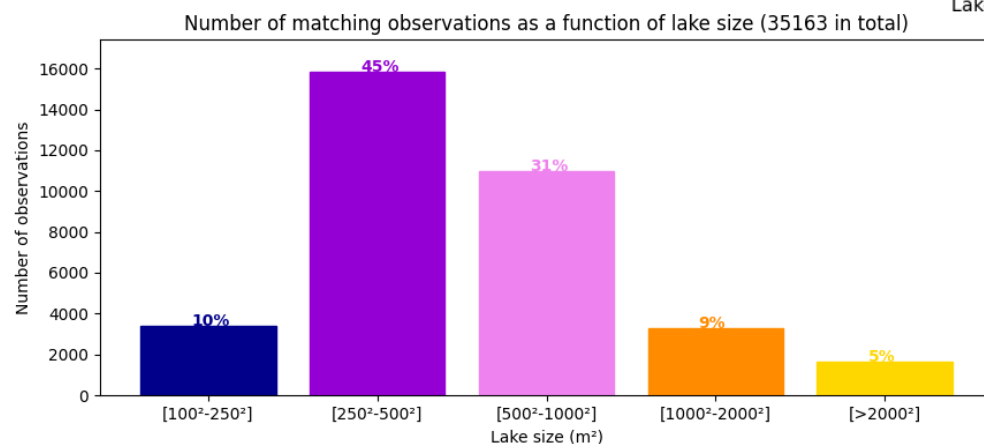
Filtering corresponding to last row in table on previous slide

Pleiades + RCM + S2



> 250x250 m²: 19 % (1σ)
> 1 km²: 14 % (1σ)

3186 PLD lakes



RELATIVE LAKE AREA ERROR

LAKE AREA VALIDATION

On PGD0 products (Cal/Val phase)

Pleiades + RCM

Outer
Inner

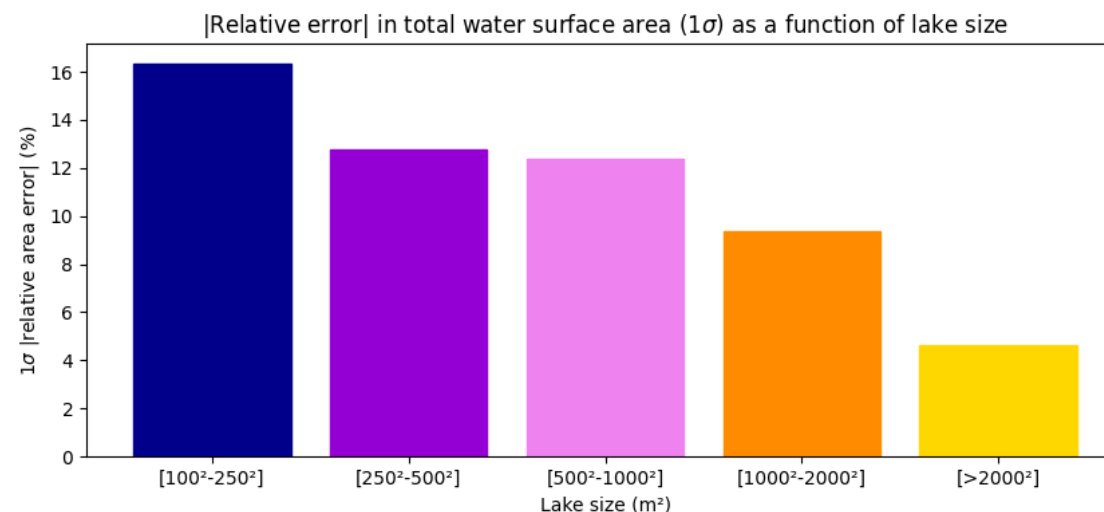
| Quality indicators | Value(s) allowed | Number of PLD lakes | Number of matchups | relative area error (1σ) for PLD lakes | | |
|---|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | > (100 m) ² , ≤ (250 m) ² | > (250 m) ² | > 1 km ² |
| No filtering | - | 1623 | 31961 | 42 % (-4 %) | 31 % (-7 %) | 14 % (0 %) |
| <i>partial_f</i> | 0 | 1601 | 31099 | 41 % (-5 %) | 30 % (-6 %) | 12 % (0 %) |
| <i>+ ice_clim_f</i> | 0 | 1599 | 31046 | 41 % (-5 %) | 30 % (-6 %) | 12 % (0 %) |
| <i>+ quality_f</i> | 0,1,2 | 1588 | 29026 | 41 % | 29 % | 12 % |
| | 0,1 | 1580 | 28351 | 40 % | 29 % | 12 % |
| | 0 | 654 | 8814 | 19 % (-14 %) | 14 % (-9 %) | 9 % (-1 %) |
| <i>+ xovr_qual_q</i> | 0 | 654 | 8814 | 19 % (-13 %) | 14 % (-9 %) | 9 % (-1 %) |
| <i>+ dark_frac</i> | < 50% | 654 | 8814 | 19 % (-13 %) | 14 % (-8 %) | 9 % (-1 %) |
| <i>+ area_truth - area_PLD / area_PLD</i> | < 50% | 542 | 7961 | 16 % (-13 %) | 12 % (-5 %) | 7 % (+1 %) |

Not strictly comparable as *quality_f* has evolved between the two versions

RELATIVE LAKE AREA ERROR

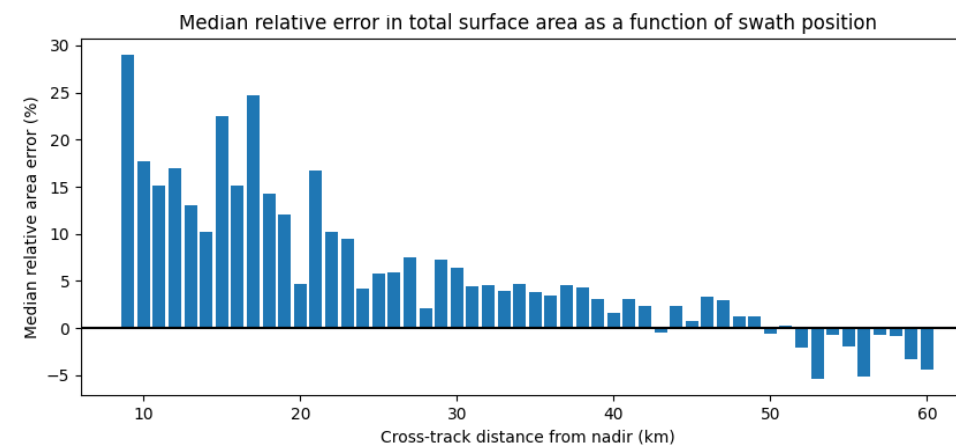
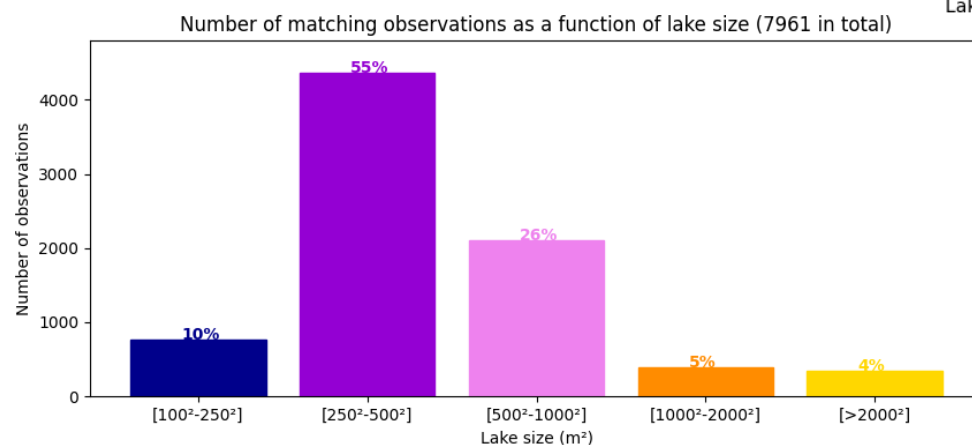
Filtering corresponding to last row in table on previous slide

Pleiades + RCM



> 250x250 m²: 12 % (1σ)
> 1 km²: 7 % (1σ)

542 PLD lakes



SUMMARY AND OUTLOOK

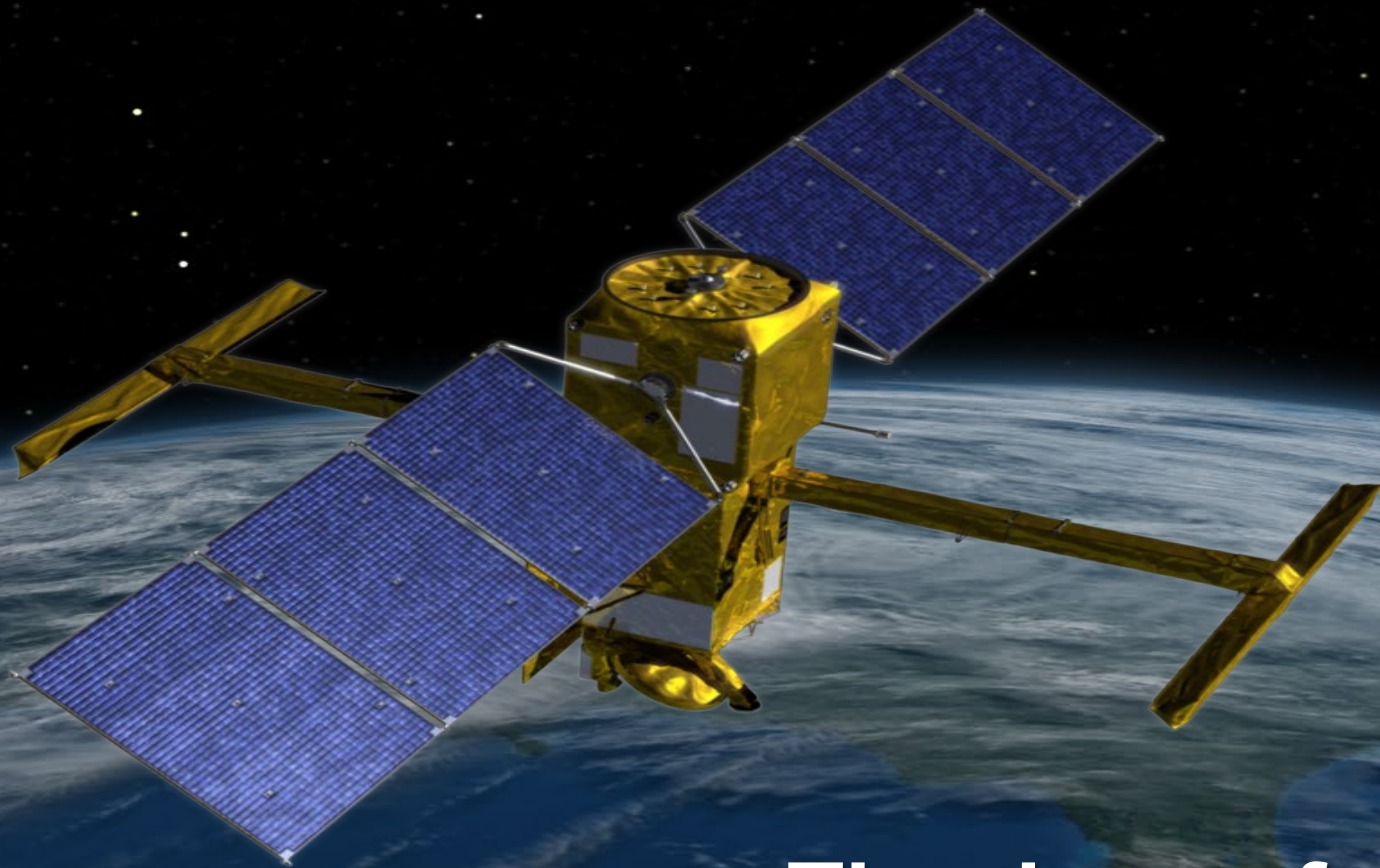
Preliminary WSE and area performance for PXD0 LakeSP products

- It is essential to use quality flags to filter out bad (or degraded, or suspect) LakeSP data:
 - *quality_f* has substantially evolved from version PIC0/PGC0 to PIC2/PID0/PGD0
 - The corresponding bitflag *qual_f_b* permits finer tuning
 - Filtering based on *ice_f* and *partial_f* is generally necessary
- Improved performance of version PXD0 w.r.t. version PXC0:
 - Especially for big lakes for WSE
 - Especially for small lakes for area
- Ongoing and future work related to validation:
 - Make the reference datasets larger and more representative (gauge data, water masks)
 - Analyze a larger sample of the PID0/PGD0 dataset for lake validation paper
 - Test filtering based on bitflag to provide better trade-offs between performance and number of remaining observations
 - Analyze computed uncertainties w.r.t. actual performance
- Reconsider LakeSP product structure, further constrain water extent (next presentation)

The filtering need to be tailored to the product version and application!



Surface Water and Ocean Topography (SWOT) Mission



Thank you for your attention!

BACK-UP



MAIN LAKE AREA ERROR SOURCES

- Azimuth smearing
 - Lake extent systematically over-estimated
 - Larger impact on relative area error of small lakes
 - Can be improved through algorithm modifications (better handling of edge pixels, water fraction estimates...)
- Dark water
 - Area errors because of imperfect dark water flagging (estimation of extent or projection)
 - Can be improved through improved prior water occurrence masks , reference DEM and projection algorithm
- Bright land (humid soil, urban areas...)
 - Bright land detected as water adjacent to PLD lakes may cause important overestimation of lake area
 - Can be partially mitigated through active use of bright land flag
- Specular ringing
 - Specular ringing may seriously deteriorate lake polygon and degrade lake area and wse
 - Handling of specular ringing will be improved in future versions
- Assignment errors
 - Missing connected rivers in SWORD and missing nearby lakes in PLD may cause assignment and area errors
 - Improved versions of SWORD and PLD will reduce the assignments errors, likewise improved assignment algorithms

MAIN SCIENCE REQUIREMENTS FOR LAKES

- Global inventory of lakes, reservoirs and wetlands $> 250 \times 250 \text{ m}^2$ (Goal: $> 100 \times 100 \text{ m}^2$)
- Water surface elevation (WSE) error
 - Requirement: $< 10 \text{ cm}$ (1σ) for lakes $> 1 \text{ km}^2$
 - Goal: $< 25 \text{ cm}$ (1σ) for lakes $> 250 \times 250 \text{ m}^2$ and $< 1 \text{ km}^2$
 - Threshold requirement: $< 11 \text{ cm}$ (1σ) for lakes $> 1 \text{ km}^2$
- Relative surface area error
 - Requirement: $< 15\%$ (1σ) for lakes $> 250 \times 250 \text{ m}^2$
 - Goal: $< 25\%$ (1σ) for lakes $> 100 \times 100 \text{ m}^2$ and $< 250 \times 250 \text{ m}^2$
 - Threshold requirement: $< 15\%$ (1σ) for lakes $> 1 \text{ km}^2$

(1σ) means that
68%
of the |errors|
are smaller, and
32%
are bigger.