



Representing Large Multichannel Rivers in Flood Models: A Look at the Congo River

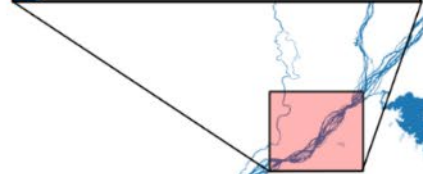
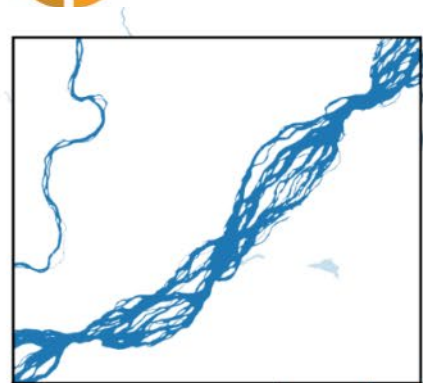
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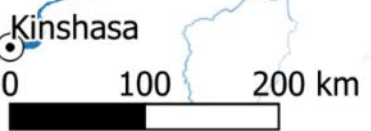
² University of Kinshasa and Congo Basin Water Resources Research Center, Kinshasa, DR Congo



Background to Study



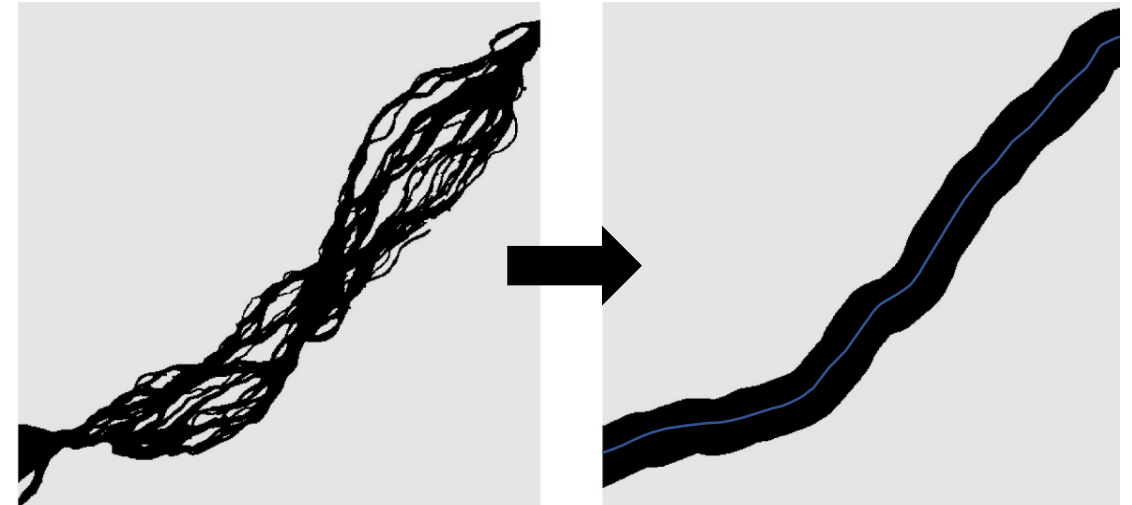
- Multi-channel river systems are often represented with a highly simplified geometry in hydrodynamic models.
- Research into the validity of this simplification is lacking
- Here, we use hydraulic model experiments to examine the effects of simplifying the Congo mainstem to a simple single channel.





Model Experiments

- Simulated seasonal hydrograph
- Reach-averaged cross-sectional area width conserved
- Model solver and dimensionality held constant
- Assume no out-of-bank flows (floodplain not represented)
- Friction coefficient initially held constant, but later varied

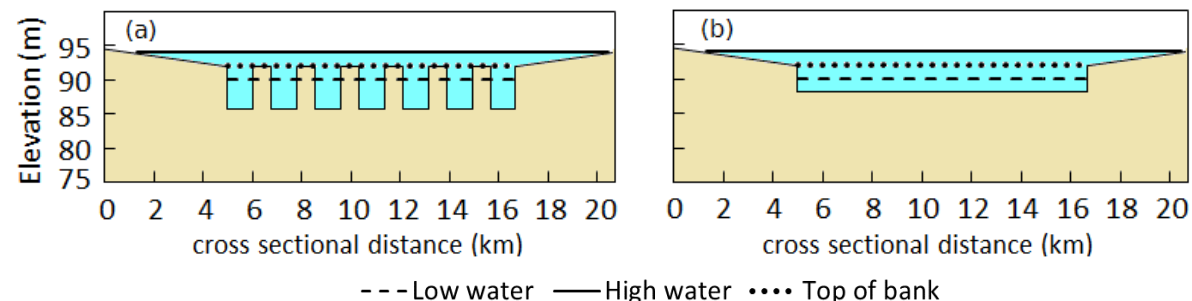
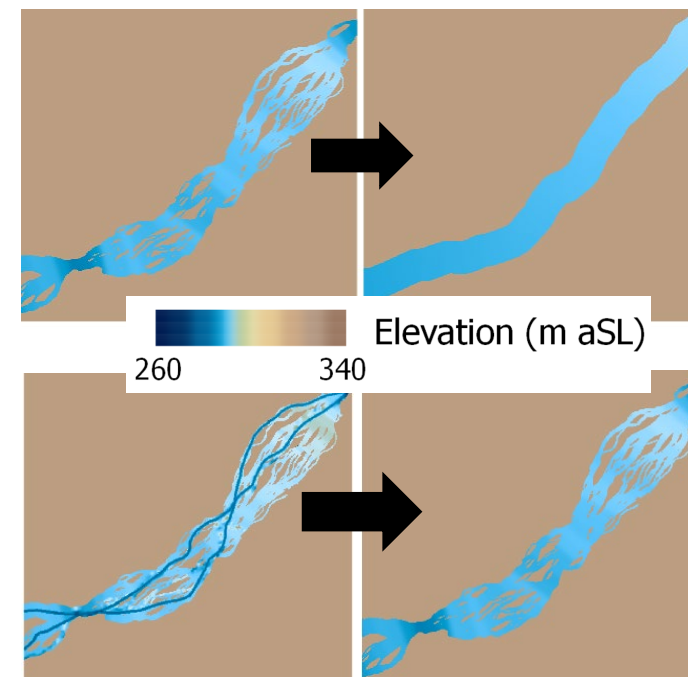




Model Experiments

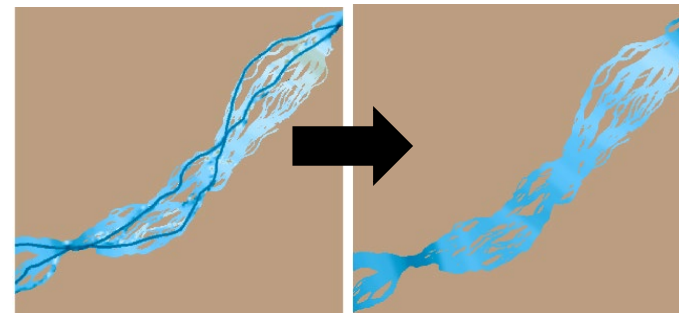
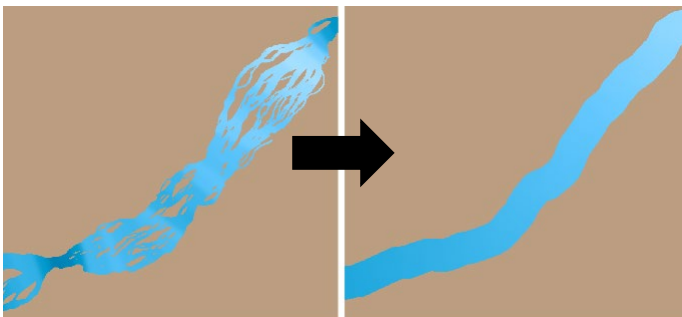
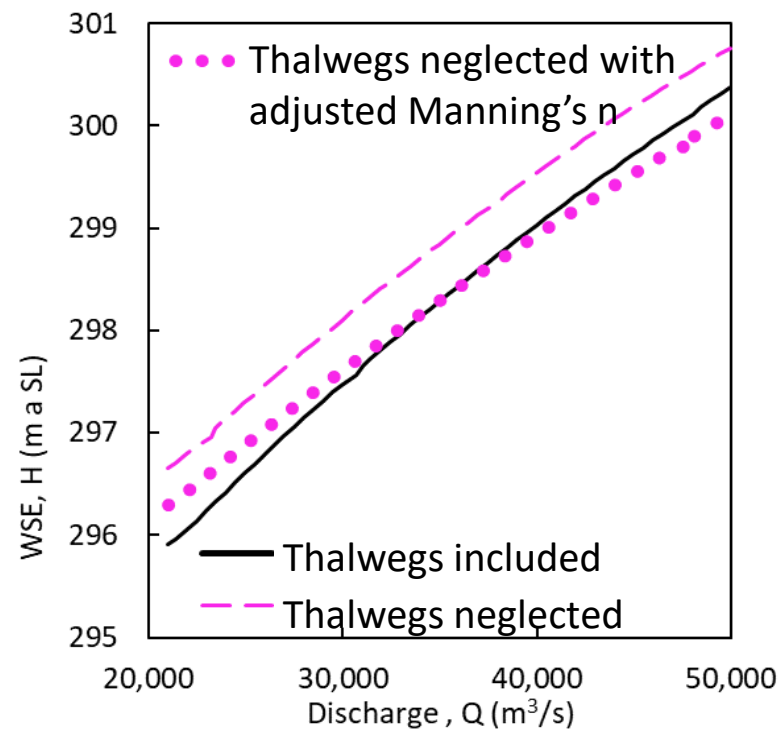
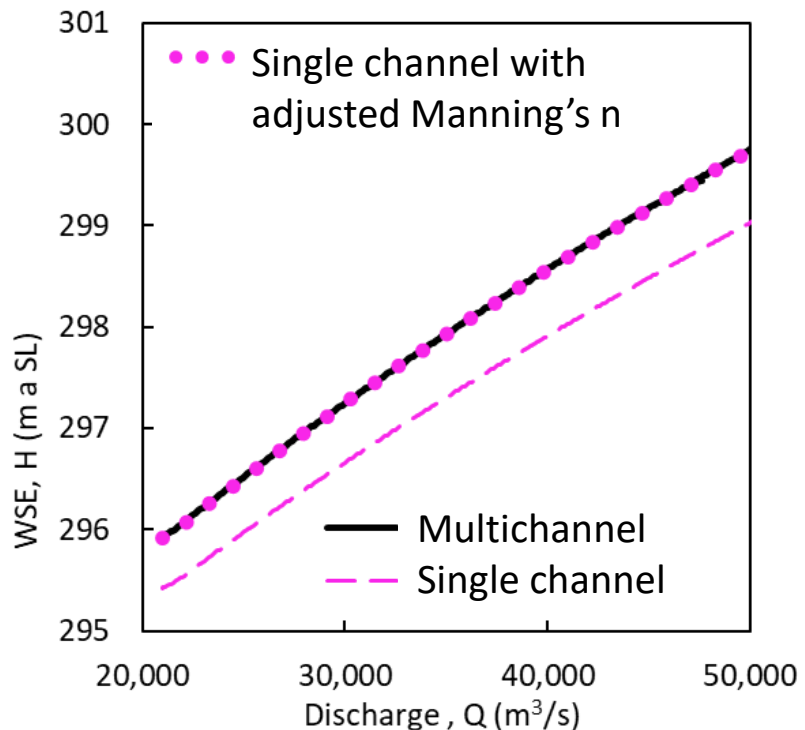
Three separate experiments looking at individual components of multichannel geometry that are neglected:

1. planform sinuosity of individual channel threads
2. variation in the channel bed elevation
3. Mid-channel island terrain





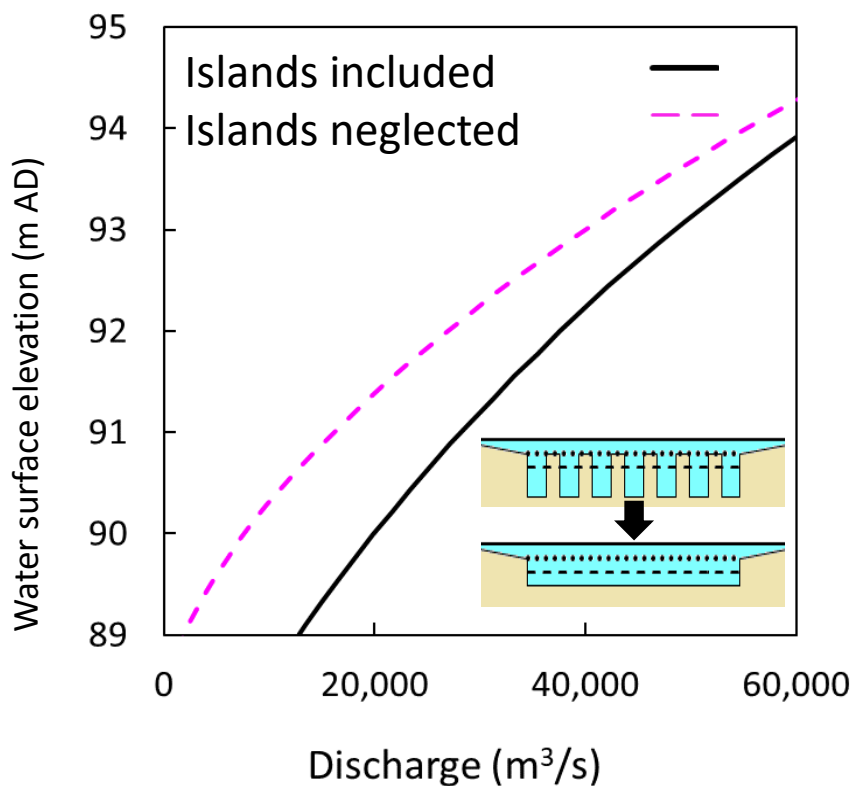
Results: Experiment (1) and (2)



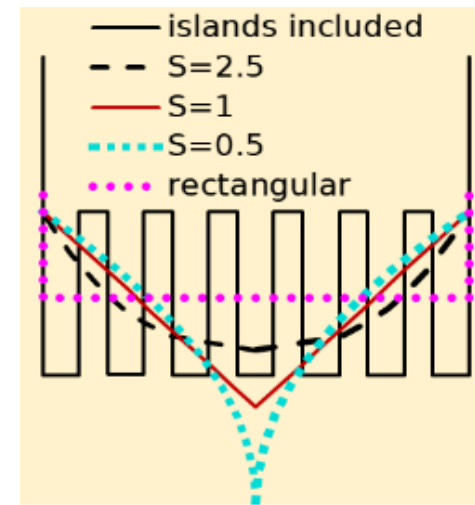
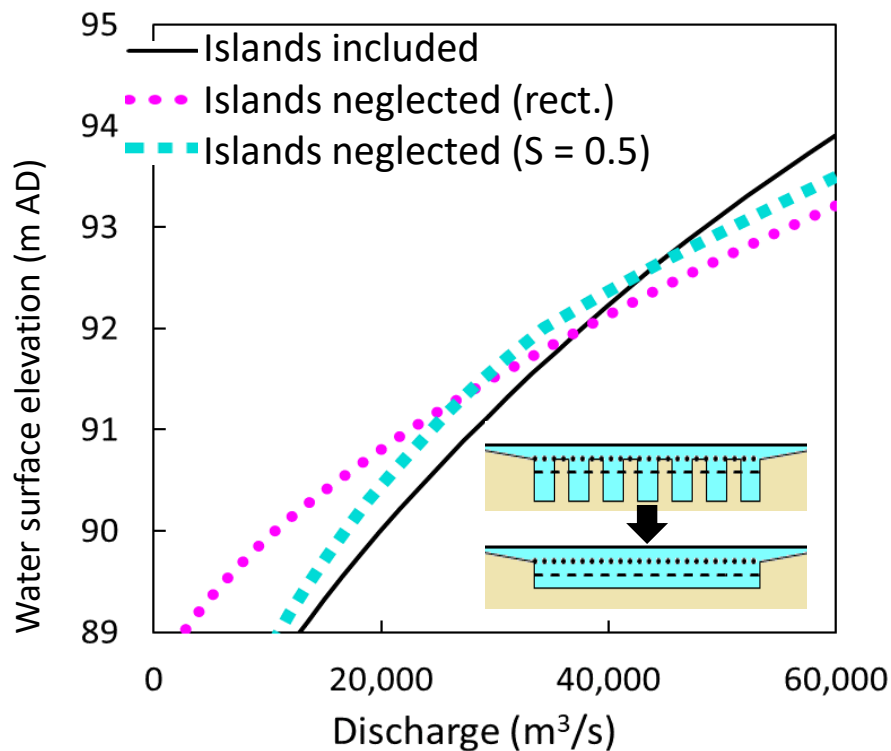


Results: Experiment (3)

Friction held constant



Friction (and channel shape) varied

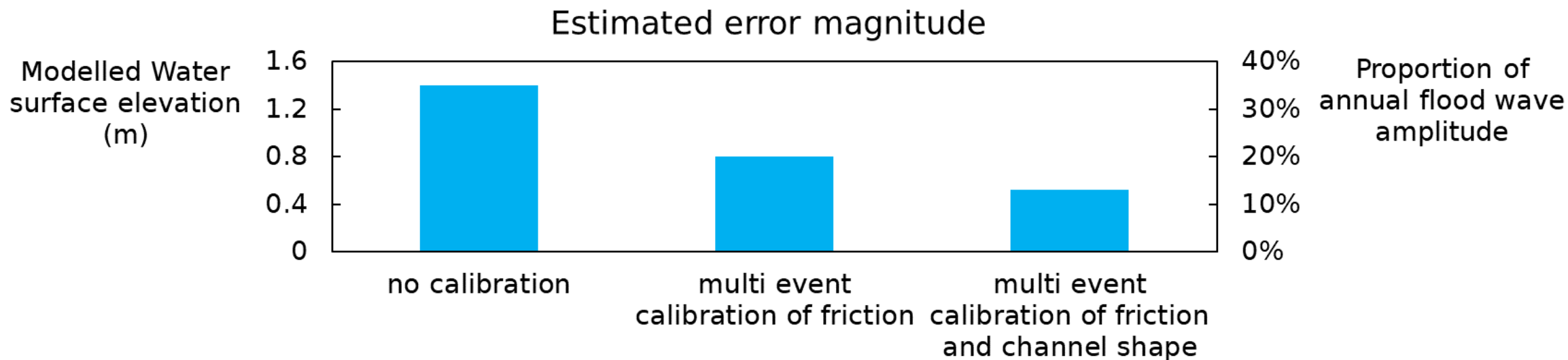


Adapted from Neal et al. (2015)



Summary of Findings

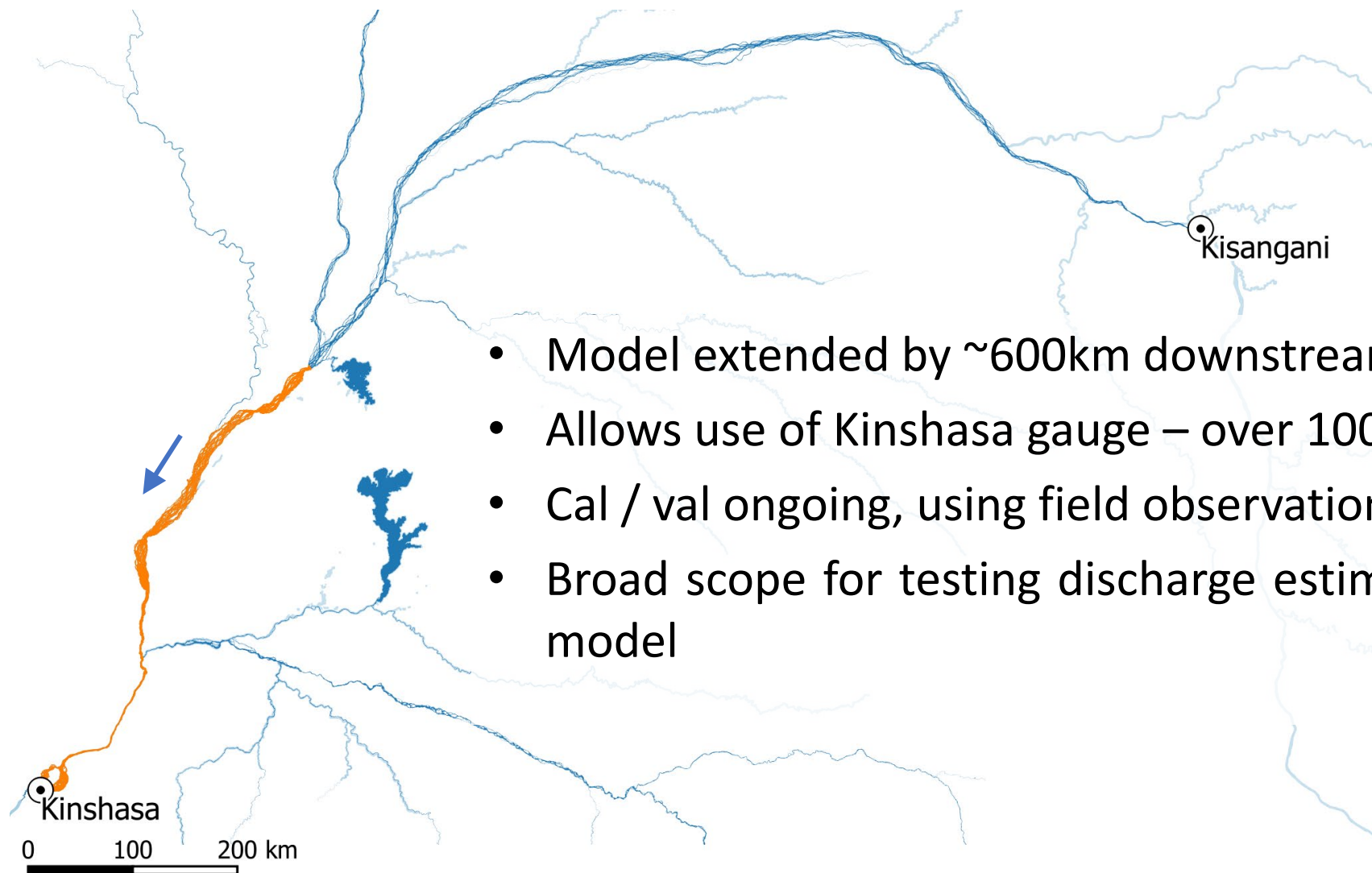
- Using an effective single channel in a hydrodynamic model of the multichannel Congo River will introduce considerable errors in water level predictions:



- Neglecting mid-channel islands is the main source of error
 - Recommend explicit representation of island morphology



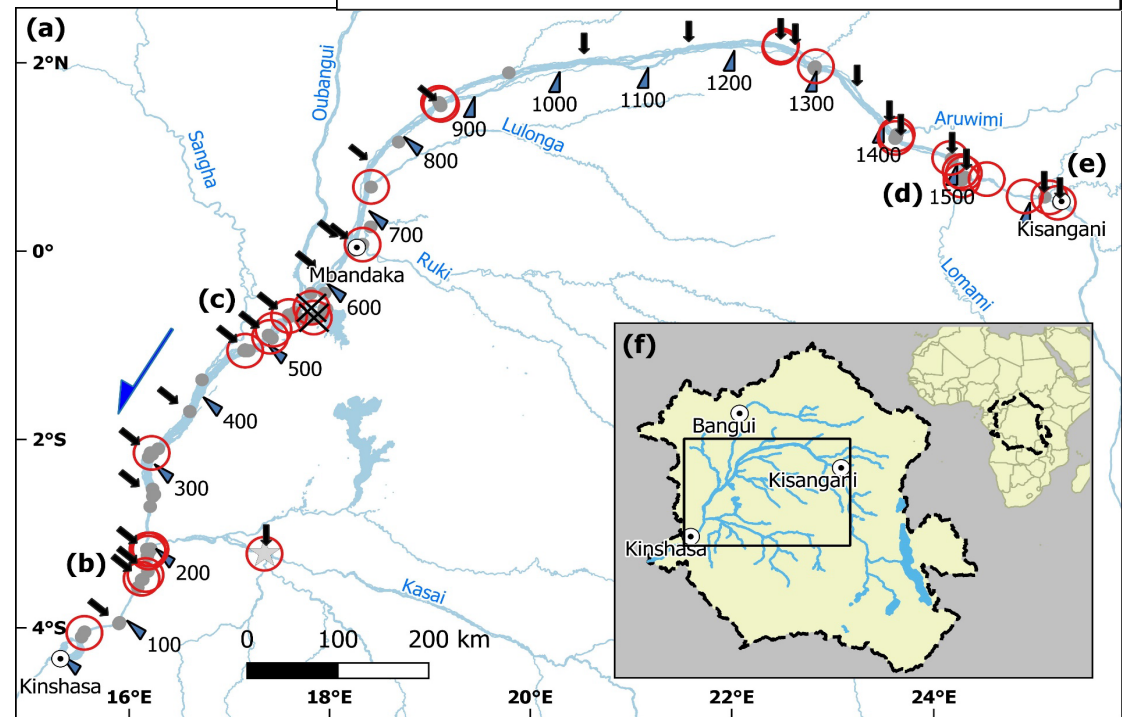
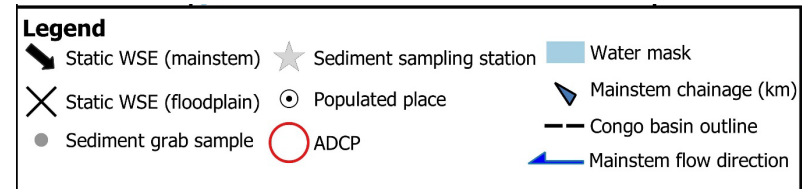
Ongoing work



- Model extended by ~600km downstream to Kinshasa
- Allows use of Kinshasa gauge – over 100 years of daily Q & H data
- Cal / val ongoing, using field observations of WSE and Q
- Broad scope for testing discharge estimation algorithms with this model



CRREBaC Facilitated Fieldwork





Thank you for your attention

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