

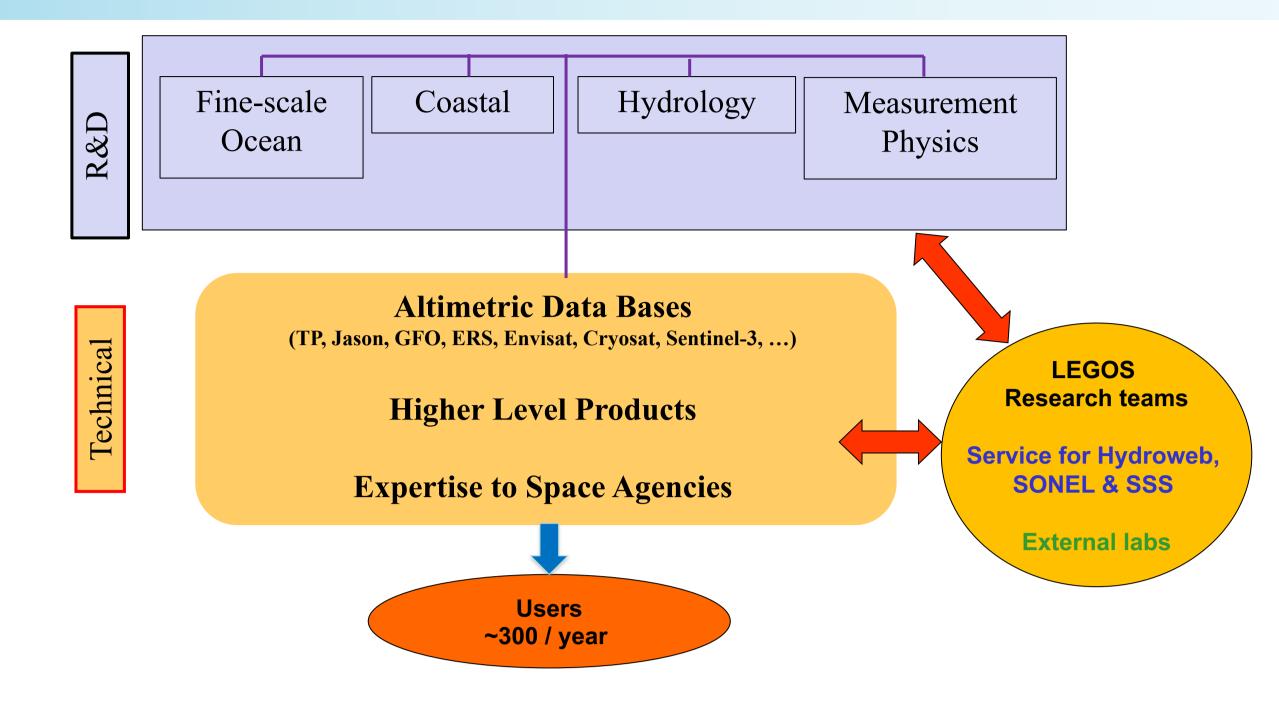
SWOT – CTOH studies for fine-scale ocean dynamics

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The Center for Topography of the Oceans and Hydrosphere (CTOH) is a French National Observation Service at the LEGOS CNRS Laboratory in Toulouse, created in 1989, dedicated to satellite altimetry studies. We focuses on developing new altimetric processing, homogeneous data products and applications for nonstandard altimetric research domains (coastal ocean, oceanic finescales, hydrology, sea ice, ...). We work in close relationship with space agencies (CNES, ESA) at different levels for satellite altimetry missions: preparation of new missions, definition of the user's needs, CAL/VAL studies, signal analysis & data reprocessing, development of thematic products, teaching and outreach.

CTOH Activities for SWOT



CTOH has worked on SWOT preparation since 2008, with the two French Science Leads :

- Rosemary Morrow (CNES Ocean Lead, CTOH/LEGOS) \bullet
- Jean-Francois Crétaux (CNES Hydrology Lead, CNES/LEGOS) \bullet

LEGOS has 9 selected SWOT Science Team projects involving 45 scientists and students

SWOT preparation activities within the CTOH include

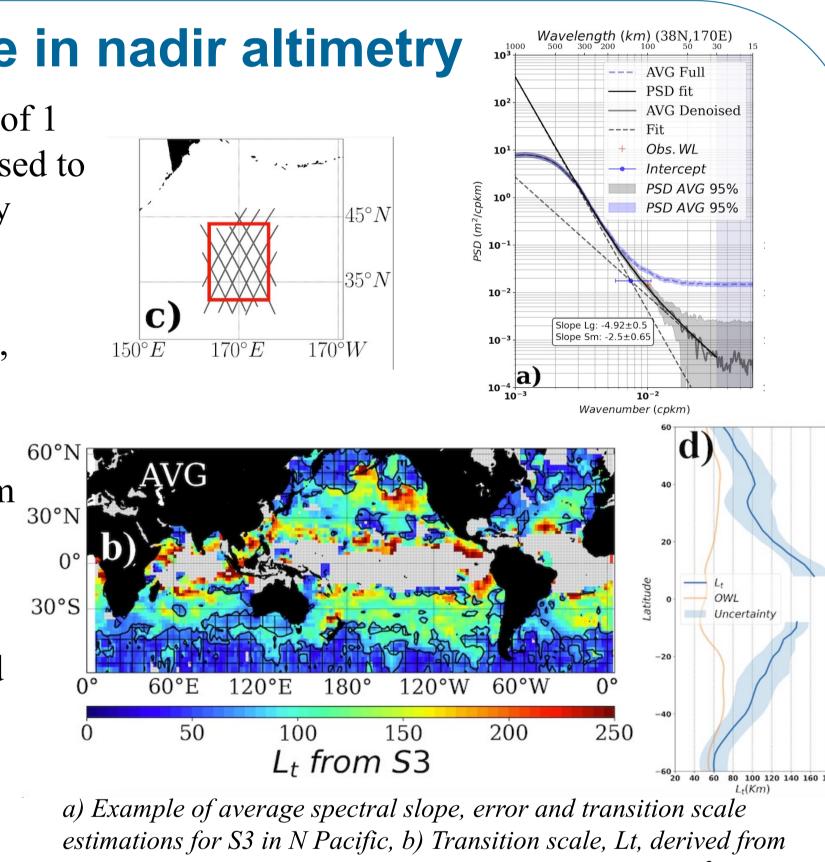
- Early development of the hydrology SWOT simulator,
- Analysing fine-scale ocean signal and noise in alongtrack altimetry
- Improved 2D mapping of ocean fine-scales
- Deriving eddy diagnostics within the SWOT swaths
- User support for the LEGOS SWOT research teams

SWOT – CTOH Fine scale ocean studies

Ocean signal & noise in nadir altimetry

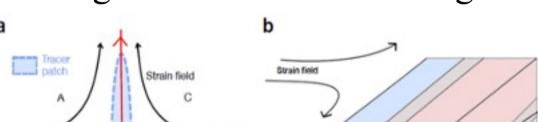
A statistical approach based on the analysis of 1 Hz altimetric SSH wavenumber spectra is used to obtain four geophysical parameters that vary regionally / seasonally:

- the background error,
- the spectral slope in the mesoscale range,
- a second spectral slope at smaller scales,

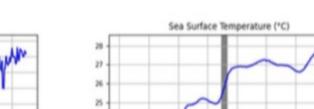


2D Ocean fronts colocated with nadir altimetry

- Dynamical ocean fronts are often detected from 2D gridded maps of altimetryderived strain or finite-site Lyapunov Exponents (FSLEs).
- Colocalised with Sentinel-3 2D tracer data (SST, ocean color) & 1D nadir altimetry (SSH, wind, waves)
- Strong fronts associated with grad.SST : wind & wave effects are highly variable







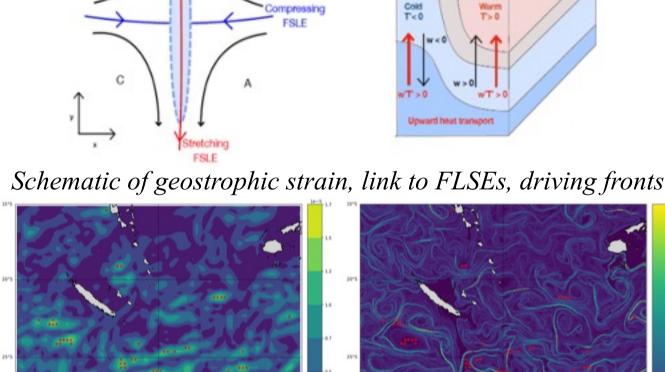
the transition scale, Lt.

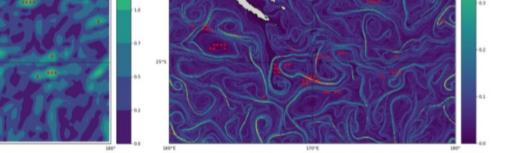
Results : Spatial scale of the transition from geostrophically balanced to unbalanced motions estimated regionally from satellite altimetry data

- Results agree with in situ observations and predictions from high-resolution models including tidal forcing.
- Expecting SWOT to have lower noise & better Lt resolution at mid to high latitudes Reference : Vegara, O.. et al.; Global submesoscale diagnosis using alongtrack satellite altimetry Ocean Sci., 2023 doi: /10.5194/os-19-363-2023

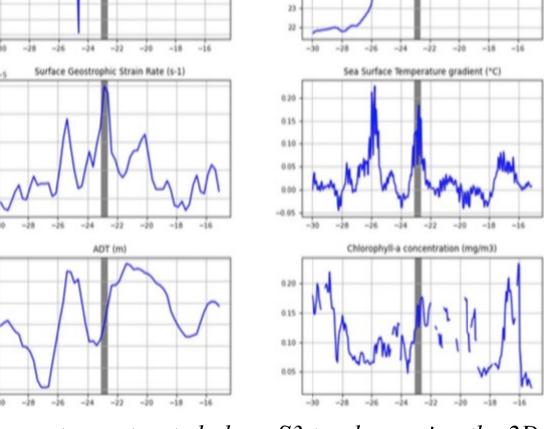
spectral analyses, from Sentinel-3, c) tracks used in a 10x10° box, d) Zonal average of Lt.

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Strong ocean fronts (red dots) detected in a) 2D geostrophic strain, and b) FSLE maps



Parameters extracted along S3 track crossing the 2D strong front event : left : FSLE, geostrophic strain, ADT; righ) SST, grad SST, Chl-A

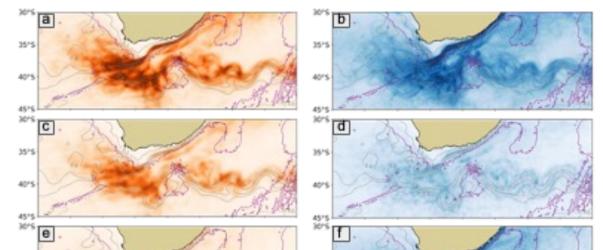
Simulating SWOT eddy diagnostics : Agulhas

Different eddy diagnostics (EKE, geostrophic strain, geostrophic energy transfers) have been calculated from the MITGCM model in the Agulhas, to simulate the future SWOT observations, and compared to a pseudo-DUACS product sampled from the same model. The residual represent the smaller scales SWOT should observe.

Swath-based eddy diagnostics are also calculated – with simulated random noise,

and a neural-network AI filtering applied. See Young Researcher Poster : Elisa Carli

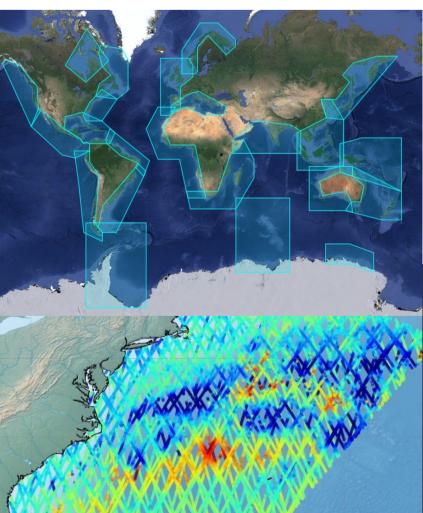
Average EKE (left) and strain rate standard deviation (right) over the full LLC10 simulation period (Sep 2011 to Nov 2012) (a, b), the pseudo-DUACS product (c, d), and the residuals between the simulation and the pseudo-DUACS product (e, f). The grey contours are the yearly mean current and the purple contours represent the 3000m bathymetry.



X-TRACK: Coastal products & corrections

CTOH released a new coastal along track product : XTRACK-L2P Sea Level Anomalies products for coastal applications : version 2022. Along-track Sea Level Anomalies are projected onto the reference tracks with a spatial interval of about 6-7 km between points. The Sea Level Anomaly time series have been computed with the X-TRACK processing system (developed at LEGOS) starting from the Level 2 Plus (L2P) products distributed by Aviso+.

A Round Robin exercise also compared the impact of different altimetric corrections and reprocessing on 1D coastal nadir altimetry Results important for 2D SWOT coastal altimetry.



Reference : Carli, E et al.; Ocean 2D eddy energy fluxes from small mesoscale processes with SWOT, Ocean Sciences, doi: 10.5194/egusphere-2023-1124, 2023

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Map of the 23 zones covered by X-TRACK/L2P product (top),

Mean Sea Level Anomaly over the period January to 2004 using March *ERS1+ERS2+ENV+SRL, GFO and TP+J1+J2+J3 missions in the Gulfstream region (bottom)*

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CTOH and SWOT training and Data Access

The CTOH holds teaching courses on alongtrack altimetry (university training, workshop, individual request), with a focus on emerging applications. These training courses are created for showing users how to handle altimetry data in real cases using Jupyter notebooks in **Python**. The course topics cover a wide spectrum: principles of ocean and coastal altimetry, reading and using products, computation of derived parameters (series of sea or water levels, currents), comparison with in-situ data, among others.

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For **SWOT Ocean Data Access**, the CTOH works in close relation with the CNES to establish a service hosting SWOT-related project on its HPC platform. This includes providing computational resources and support for accessing and processing SWOT data. LEGOS users serve as beta-testers for this service prior to its opening to national and international users.

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https://ctoh.legos.obs-mip.fr

SWOT Science Team meeting, Toulouse, Sept 2023

